

Information Retrieval – exercises

05 June 2023 – time 60 minutes

Name and Surname:

#matricola:

Question #1 [rank 4]. You are given the two files:

$F_{old} = \text{"AAAA BBBB"} , F_{new} = \text{"A BBBB BA"} ,$

and assume a block size $B=3$ chars (SPACE is a char).

- Show the execution of the algorithm zsync. (*comment the various steps*)

Question #2 [rank 3+3]. Given the set of strings $S=\{\text{aba, abc, baac, babc}\}$.

- Show the (compacted) trie T built on S
- Show how to search for the lexicographic position of "abb"

Question #3 [rank 2+3+2]. Let you be given 3 documents:

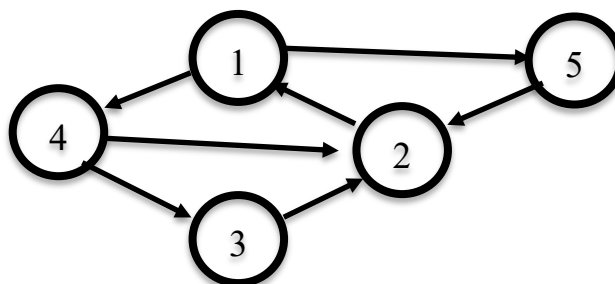
$D1 = \text{"A NICE THING"}$

$D2 = \text{"THING DONE, THINGS DONE"}$

$D3 = \text{"THING THING THING DONE DONE"}$

- Show the inverted index built on these 3 documents;
- Show the TF-IDF vectors for these documents, by assuming that the logarithm is in base 2 (*hint: you can keep the LOG-formula as they are*);
- Compute the document which is more similar to the query [NICE THING], by using the cosine similarity without dividing by the norms of the vectors.

Question #4 [rank 3]. Given the graph



Compute one step of Personalized PageRank (PPR) with respect to the set $S = \{1, 2\}$, by assuming a uniform starting distribution and parameter $\alpha=0.5$.

Information Retrieval – theory
5 June 2023 – time 45 minutes

Name and Surname:

#matricola:

Question #1 [scores 3] Show and comment how to efficiently compute the Hamming distance between pairs of binary vectors by using the Locality Sensitive Hashing approach.

Question #2 [rank 3] Show how to compute text summarization by using a graph and Page Rank.

Question #3 [rank 2+2] Define what it is a wild-card query, and show how to solve it via a Permuterm index.