

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE LABORATORY

Practice on a Classification Problem

Dataset

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- **ee_dataset.arff**
- A dataset of 7.500 customers of a German electric power company
- Some customers intend to cancel their subscription (attribute **canceler**)
- A special promotion consisting of a discount on the price of electricity must be planned to prevent cancelers to abandon.

Task 1: Preprocessing

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- Split the dataset into training and test
- Investigate the meaning of attributes from the provided documentation
- Study the distribution of data and the relevance of attributes
- If needed, create derived attributes

Task 2: Maximize accuracy

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- Extract a classification model that predicts whether a customer is a canceler, so that its accuracy is maximized.

Task 2: Classification methods

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- Classification model
 - ▣ J48, NaiveBayes, Metaclassification
- Parameters of classification algorithm
 - ▣ J48: tree pruning, confidence, stop earlier, ...
- Input dataset:
 - ▣ Preprocessing on attributes (selection, derived, ...)
 - ▣ Preprocessing on instances (missing values, oversampling)
- ...

Task 3: Revise objectives

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- Is it really the accuracy that one intends to maximize?
 - ▣ Maximize the following **gain function**:

	No offer sent	Offer sent
Non Canceler	72,00 Euro	66,30 Euro
Canceler	0 Euro	43,80 Euro

Task 4: Descriptive use

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- Does your classifier provide a description of the profiles of canceler customers?

Task 5: Lift Chart

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- Assume to have **limited amount of resources**, so that at most 250 offers can be sent out. How many cancelers does your classifier can reach?

Task 6: Validation set

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- Answer to Task 3 and Task 5 using as test set a totally new set of data (**ee_validation.arff**). How do the performances of your classifier change?