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(* syntax *)

type ide = string

type boolean =
| True
| False

type exp =
| Eint of int
| Eplus of (exp * exp)
| Eminus of (exp * exp)
| Eide of ide
| Ebool of boolean
| Eeq of (exp * exp)
| Eleq of (exp * exp)
| Enot of exp
| Eand of (exp * exp)
| Eor of (exp * exp)
| Eifthenelse of (exp * exp * exp)
| Eapp of exp * exp
| Efun of ide * exp
| Elet of (ide * exp * exp)

type com =
| Cassign of ide * exp
| Cvar of ide * exp
| Cconst of ide * exp
| Cifthenelse of exp * pseq * pseq
| Cwhile of exp * pseq
| CdONTimes of exp * pseq
| CIterate of ide * pseq * exp * exp

and pseq =
| Pseq of com * pseq
| Pend

type prog = Prog of pseq * exp

let rec exp_to_string (e: exp) =
  match e with
  | Eint i -> sprintf "%d" i
  | Eplus (e1, e2) -> sprintf "(%s + %s)" (exp_to_string e1)
    (exp_to_string e2)
  | Eminus (e1, e2) -> sprintf "(%s - %s)" (exp_to_string e1)
    (exp_to_string e2)
  | Eide i -> i
  | Ebool b ->
    match b with
    | True -> "true"
    | False -> "false"
  | Enot e -> sprintf "(not %s)" (exp_to_string e)
  | Eand (e1, e2) -> sprintf "(%s and %s)" (exp_to_string e1)
    (exp_to_string e2)

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| Eor (e1, e2) -> sprintf "(%s or %s)" (exp_to_string e1)
(exp_to_string e2)
| Eeql (e1, e2) -> sprintf "(%s == %s)" (exp_to_string e1)
(exp_to_string e2)
| Eleq (e1, e2) -> sprintf "(%s <= %s)" (exp_to_string e1)
(exp_to_string e2)
| Eifthenelse (c, e1, e2) ->
  sprintf "if %s then (%s) else (%s)" (exp_to_string c)
  (exp_to_string e1) (exp_to_string e2)
| Efun (arg, body) -> sprintf "fun %s -> %s" arg (exp_to_string body)
| Eapp (f, arg) -> sprintf "%s(%s)" (exp_to_string f) (exp_to_string
arg)
| Elet (v, e1, e2) -> sprintf "(let %s = %s in %s)" v (exp_to_string
e1) (exp_to_string e2)

let rec com_to_string (c: com) =
  match c with
  | Cassign (i, e) -> sprintf "%s := %s" i (exp_to_string e)
  | Cvar (v, e) -> sprintf "var %s := %s" v (exp_to_string e)
  | Cconst (v, e) -> sprintf "const %s = %s" v (exp_to_string e)
  | Cifthenelse (cond, cthen, celse) ->
    sprintf "if %s\nthen %s\nelse %s" (exp_to_string cond)
    (pseq_to_string cthen) (pseq_to_string celse)
  | Cwhile (cond, body) -> sprintf "while %s\n%s" (exp_to_string cond)
  (pseq_to_string body)
  | CdoNTimes (cond, body) -> sprintf "do %s times\n%s" (exp_to_string
cond) (pseq_to_string body)
  | CIterate (ide, pseq, expr1, expr2) -> sprintf "iterate over %s from %s
to %s\n%s" ide (exp_to_string expr1) (exp_to_string expr2)
  (pseq_to_string pseq)

and pseq_to_string (s: pseq) =
  match s with
  | Pseq (c, Pend) -> sprintf "%s" (com_to_string c)
  | Pseq (c, q) -> sprintf "%s;\n%s" (com_to_string c) (pseq_to_string q)
  | Pend -> ""

let prog_to_string (p: prog) =
  match p with
  | Prog (s, e) -> sprintf "%s;\nreturn %s" (pseq_to_string s)
  (exp_to_string e)

(* error handling *)

let unbound_identifier_error ide =
  failwith (sprintf "unbound identifier %s" ide)

let negative_natural_number_error () =
  failwith "natural numbers must be positive or zero"

let type_error () = failwith "type error"

let memory_error () =
  failwith "access to a location that is not available"

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let not_a_location_error i =
  failwith (sprintf "not a location: %s" i)

(* semantic domains *)

type eval =
  | Int of int
  | Bool of bool
  | Fun of (ide * env * exp)

and loc = int

and mval = eval

and store = int * (loc -> mval) (* il primo elemento della coppia è la
minima locazione non definita *)

and dval =
  | E of eval
  | L of loc

and env = ide -> dval

let empty_store = (0, (fun l -> memory_error ()))

let apply_store st l = (snd st) l

let allocate: store -> loc * store =
  fun st ->
    let l = fst st in
    let l1 = l + 1 in
    let st1 = (l1, snd st) in
    (l, st1)

let update: store -> loc -> mval -> store =
  fun st l mv ->
    match st with
    | (maxloc, fn) -> let fn1 l1 = if l = l1 then mv else fn l1 in
      (maxloc, fn1)

let empty_env = fun v -> unbound_identifier_error v

let bind e v r = fun v1 -> if v1 = v then r else e v1

let apply_env e v = e v

let rec eval_to_string (e: eval) =
  match e with
  | Int i -> sprintf "%d" i
  | Bool b -> if b then "true" else "false"
  | Fun _ -> "function"

(* denotational semantics *)

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let rec esem: exp -> env -> store -> eval =
fun e ev st ->
  match e with
  | Eint i ->
    if i < 0 then
      negative_natural_number_error ()
    else
      Int i
  | Eplus (e1, e2) ->
    (let s1 = esem e1 ev st in
     let s2 = esem e2 ev st in

      match (s1, s2) with
      | (Int i1, Int i2) -> Int(i1 + i2)
      | _ -> type_error ())
  | Eminus (e1, e2) ->
    let s1 = esem e1 ev st in
    let s2 = esem e2 ev st in

    (match (s1, s2) with
    | (Int i1, Int i2) ->
      if i1 >= i2 then
        Int(i1 - i2)
      else
        negative_natural_number_error ()
    | _ -> type_error ())
  | Ebool b ->
    (match b with
    | True -> Bool true
    | False -> Bool false)
  | Eeql (e1, e2) ->
    let s1 = esem e1 ev st in
    let s2 = esem e2 ev st in

    (match (s1, s2) with
    | (Int i1, Int i2) ->
      if i1 = i2 then
        Bool true
      else
        Bool false
    | _ -> type_error ())
  | Eleq (e1, e2) ->
    let s1 = esem e1 ev st in
    let s2 = esem e2 ev st in

    (match (s1, s2) with
    | (Int i1, Int i2) ->
      if i1 <= i2 then
        Bool true
      else
        Bool false
    | _ -> type_error ())
  | Eand (e1, e2) ->
    let s1 = esem e1 ev st in
    let s2 = esem e2 ev st in

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        (match (s1, s2) with
         | (Bool b1, Bool b2) -> Bool(b1 && b2)
         | _ -> type_error ())
| Eor (e1, e2) ->
    let s1 = esem e1 ev st in
    let s2 = esem e2 ev st in

        (match (s1, s2) with
         | (Bool b1, Bool b2) -> Bool(b1 || b2)
         | _ -> type_error ())
| Enot e ->
    let s = esem e ev st in

        (match s with
         | Bool b -> Bool(not b)
         | _ -> type_error ())
| Eifthenelse (c, e1, e2) ->
    let sc = esem c ev st in

        (match sc with
         | Bool b -> esem (if b then e1 else e2) ev st
         | _ -> type_error ())
| Eide i ->
    let value = apply_env ev i

    match value with
    | L l -> apply_store st l
    | E e -> e
| Elet (v, e1, e2) ->
    let s1 = esem e1 ev st in
    let ev1 = bind ev v (E s1) // NOTE: s1 is an "eval"
    esem e2 ev1 st
| Efun (arg, body) -> Fun(arg, ev, body)
| Eapp (f, arg) -> // NB: f is an _expression_, not an identifier
    let fn = esem f ev st in

    match fn with
    | Fun (par, ev1, body) ->
        let s = esem arg ev st
        esem body (bind ev1 par (E s)) st // Se scoping dinamico,
        al posto di "ev1" c'è "ev"
    | _ -> type_error ()

let rec csem: com -> env -> store -> (env * store) =
fun c ev st ->
    match c with
    | Cassign (i, e) ->
        let s = esem e ev st

        match apply_env ev i with
        | L l -> let st1 = update st l s in (ev, st1)
        | _ -> not_a_location_error i
    | Cvar (i, e) ->
        let s = esem e ev st in

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let (newloc, st1) = allocate st in
let st2 = update st1 newloc s in
let ev1 = bind ev i (L newloc) in
(ev1, st2)
| Cconst (i, e) ->
  let s = esem e ev st in
  let ev1 = bind ev i (E s) in
(ev1, st)
| Cifthenelse (cond, cthen, celse) ->
  let s = esem cond ev st in

  match s with
  | Bool b ->
    if b then
      pssem cthen ev st // ERRORE: questo causa scoping
      dinamico, vale a dire, le variabili dichiarate nel
      ramo then possono essere viste dal seguito del
      programma
    else
      pssem celse ev st
  | _ -> type_error ()
| Cwhile (cond, body) ->

  let rec aux ev st =
    let cresult = esem cond ev st in

    match cresult with
    | Bool b ->
      if not b then
        (ev, st)
      else
        match st with
        | (newloc, _) -> let (_, (_, stfn')) = pssem body
          ev st in aux ev (newloc, stfn')
        | _ -> type_error ()

    aux ev st // inizio da ambiente e stato di chiamata

| CdONTimes (expr, body) ->
  // NON TESTATA!!! Fatta per esercizio
  let rec aux n ev (newloc, stfn) =
    if n <= 0 then
      (ev, (newloc, stfn))
    else
      let (ev1, (_, stfn')) = pssem body ev (newloc, stfn)
      aux (n - 1) ev (newloc, stfn')

  let cresult = esem expr ev st

  match cresult with
  | Int i -> aux i ev st
  | _ -> type_error ()

| CIterate (ide, pseq, expr1, expr2) ->

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match (apply_env ev ide, esem expr1 ev st, esem expr2 ev st)
  with
  | (L l, Int i1, Int i2) ->
    let rec aux i1 i2 ev st =
      if i1 > i2 then
        (ev, st)
      else
        let (ev1, st1) = pssem pseq ev (update st l (Int i1))
        aux (i1 + 1) i2 ev st1

      aux i1 i2 ev st
    | _ -> failwith "error"

and pssem: pseq -> env -> store -> (env * store) =
  fun s ev st ->
    match s with
    | Pend -> (ev, st)
    | Pseq (c, q) ->
      match csem c ev st with
      | (ev1, st1) -> pssem q ev1 st1

let rec psem: prog -> env -> store -> eval =
  fun p ev st ->
    match p with
    | Prog (s, e) ->
      let (ev1, st1) = pssem s ev st
      esem e ev1 st1

(* test *)

let eval: prog -> unit =
  fun p ->
    printf "\n%s \n\n==> " (prog_to_string p)

    try
      printf "%s\n" (eval_to_string (psem p empty_env empty_store))
    with
    | Failure message -> printfn "error: %s\n" message

let a () = failwith ""

let l =
  [ Prog(
    Pseq(
      Cvar("x", Eint 0),
      Pseq(
        Cvar("y", Eint 0),
        Pseq(CIterate("x", Pseq(Cassign("y", Eplus(Eide "y", Eide "x"))), Pend), Eint 1, Eint 3), Pend)
      )
    ),
    Eide "y"
  ) ]

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let main = List.iter eval l
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(*
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> dotnet run
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var x := 98;  
var y := 28;  
while (not (x == y))  
if (x <= y)  
then y := (y - x)  
else x := (x - y);  
return x
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==> 14
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*)
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