

# Algorithm Engineering

## 8 June 2021 – time 40 minutes

**Question #1 [scores 6].** Construct a minimal ordered perfect hash for a set of 5 strings {aba, abb, baa, bab, bbb} by assuming hash functions

$$h_1(s) = s[1] + 3 * s[2] + 5 * s[3] \text{ mod } 11$$

and

$$h_2(s) = (s[1]+s[2]) * 3 + s[3] \text{ mod } 11 \text{ (hence } m=11),$$

where  $s[i]$  is the  $i$ -th character of string  $s$  represented as  $a=2$  and  $b=3$ .

**Question #2 [scores 5+5].** Given the string  $S = \text{abbarabba}$ , compute its

- parsing LZSS (namely the one that emits *pairs*)
- parsing LZW, where you can assume the code for  $a=1$ ,  $b=2$ ,  $r=3$

**Question #3 [scores 4+4].** Given the sequence of integers  $S=(1, 6, 15, 18, 21, 24, 30)$ , encode each of them using:

- Rice code with  $k=3$  by do not applying gap-coding before.
- Elias-Fano encoding.

**Question #4 [scores 4+2]**

- Show the Suffix Array of the string  $S = \text{abababc}$
- Show the first two steps of using it to search for the string “bb” into  $S$ .