

# ISTRUZIONI D-RISC

lunedì 23 ottobre 2017 08:44

- ARITMETICO LOGICHE
  - MEMORIA
  - SALTO { CONDITIONALI  
INCONDIZIONALI
- "SPECIAI"

"fanno di conto"  
trasferimenti registri ↔ memoria

while (true) {  
prelievo dell'ISTR M[ic]  
decodifico  
esecuzione  
tratt. interruzione

## ISTRUZIONE D-RISC

SINTASSI  
"ASSEMBLER"

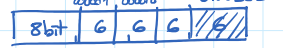
ADD R<sub>i</sub>, R<sub>j</sub>, R<sub>k</sub>

SEMANTICA

$R[i] + R[j] \rightarrow R[k]$

FORMATO LING.

MACCHINA

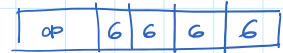
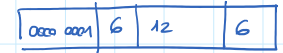


0000 0000  
"ADD"

completo e due



"ADD"



Hp : 1) tutte le istruzioni  
D-RISC sono rappresentate  
in una parola (32 bit)

2) utilizzare 8 bit x  
distinguere le istruzioni

3) 64 Registri

(ADD)

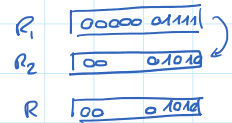
ADD R<sub>i</sub>, #m, R<sub>k</sub>  $R[i] + m \rightarrow R[k]$

SUB  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{SUB } R_i, R_j, R_k \quad R[i] - R[j] \rightarrow R[k] \\ \text{SUBI } R_i, \#m, R_k \quad R[i] - m \rightarrow R[k] \end{array} \right.$

(MUL  
DIV)

AND  
OR  
NOT  
SHR SHL

AND R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>



SHR<sup>L</sup> R<sub>i</sub>, R<sub>k</sub>  
R<sub>i</sub>, #n

Shift di R<sub>k</sub> per verso R<sup>L</sup>  
#n

SHR R<sub>i</sub>, #n, R<sub>k</sub>

SHR (R<sub>1</sub> x n pos)  
→ R<sub>k</sub>

(LD)  
LOAD  $R_i, R_k, R_j$       $M[R[i] + R[k]] \rightarrow R[j]$

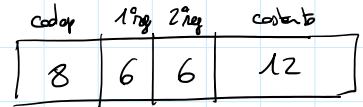
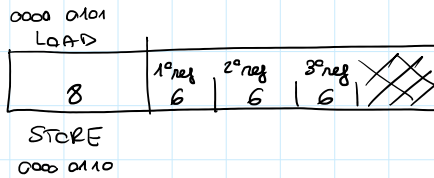
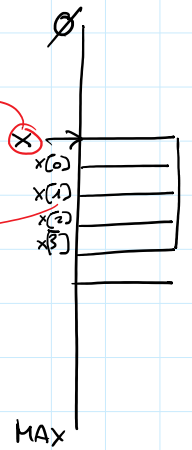
STORE  
(ST)

LOAD  $R_{base}, R_{indice}, R_{dest}$

LOAD  $R_{base}, \#m, R_{dest}$

$M[R(base) + m] \rightarrow R[dest]$

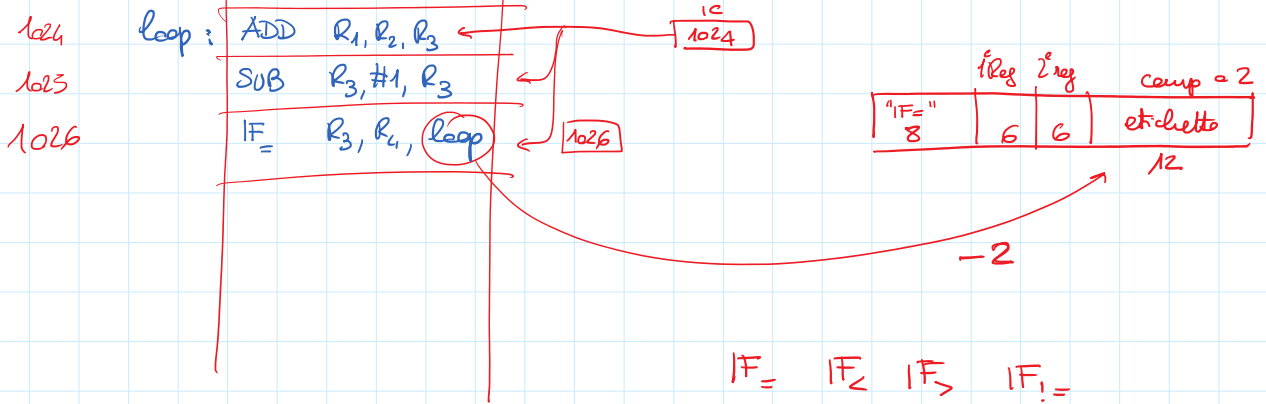
STORE  $R_i, R_k, R_j$       $M[R[i] + R[k]] \leftarrow R[j]$



salto condizionato

$IF = R_i, R_k, etichetta$

$R_3 == R_4 \Rightarrow IC + etichetta \rightarrow c$   
 $R_3 != R_4 \Rightarrow IC + 1 \rightarrow IC$



$IF = IF_< i > IF_> j IF_< i > j$

$IF_{=0} IF_{<0} IF_{>0}$

"IF= 8	6	12 offset
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SALTI INCONDIZIONATI

GOTO

CALL

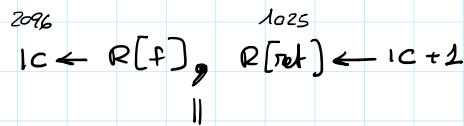
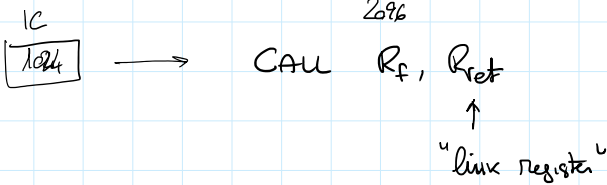
GOTO Reg<sub>i</sub>

$IC \leftarrow REG[i]$

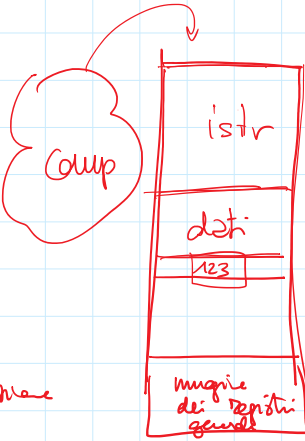
GOTO etichetta

$IC \leftarrow IC + etichetta$

8 "GOTO"	24 etichetta	$-2^{23}$ $+2^{23} - 1$
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```
int x = 123;
int y[N];
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    y[i] = i;
```

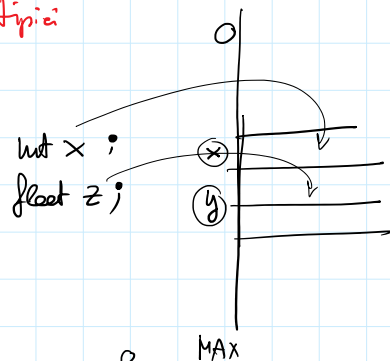


gcc -s m.c

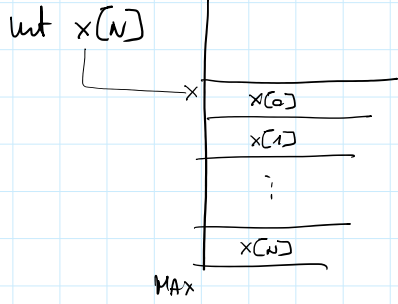
Representazione dei dati

Compilazione degli statement tipici

- scalari
- vettori
- struct



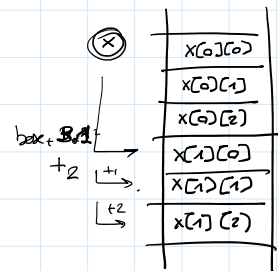
R<sub>x</sub>  
R<sub>y</sub>



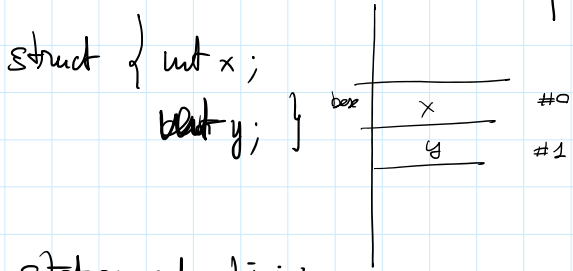
array x[N][M]

x[0][0]	x[0][1]	x[0][2]
x[1][0]	x[1][1]	x[1][2]

"row first"



$x_{ij} = base_x + M * i + j$



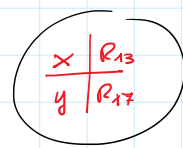
compilazione degli statement tipici

- assegnamento
- condizionali { if then / if then else }
- cicli { for / while }
- procedure / funzioni

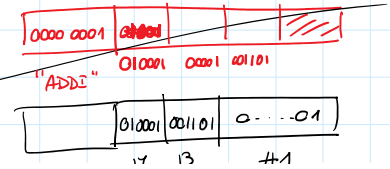
- scalari
- vettori

```
x = y + 1;
```

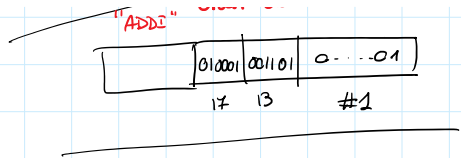
```
ADD Ry, #1, Rx
```



```
ADD R17, #1, R13
```



$$X[i] = a[i] + b[i];$$



Valore abbiamo in register base (inizializzato dal compilatore)  
Rbasea Rbaseb Rbasex

- LOAD Rbasea, Ri, Rci
- LOAD Rbaseb, Ri, Rci
- ADD Rci, Rbi, Rtemp
- STORE Rbasex, Ri, Rtemp

if( $\epsilon$ ) then Statement

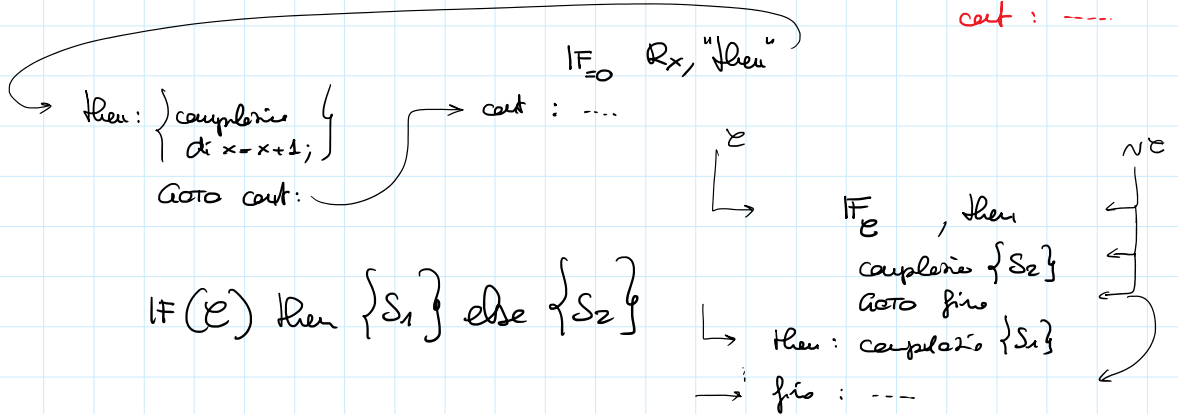
IF compilazione delle condizionali  $\epsilon$ , "cont"  
 { compilazione di Statement }

cont : -----

if( $x=0$ ) then { $x=x+1$ ;} IF  $\neq 0$   $R_x$ , "cont"

ADD  $R_x$ , #1,  $R_x$

cont : -----



if( $x=0$ ) then { $x=x+1$ ;} <sup>$S_1$</sup>  else { $x=x-1$ ;} <sup>$S_2$</sup>

IF<sub>=0</sub>  $R_x$ , "then"  
 SUB  $R_x$ , #1,  $R_x$   
 GOTO "fine"  
 "then" : ADD  $R_x$ , #1,  $R_x$   
 "fine" : ---

# compilazione di cicli determinati (For)

lunedì 23 ottobre 2017 10:58

for (int  $i=0$ ;  $i < N$ ;  $i++$ ) {  $x[i] = i$ ; }

inizializzo le var di iterazione

loop: { compilazione del corpo del for }

aggiornamento delle var di iterazione

IF<sub>E</sub> , loop

cont: ----

ADD R0, R0, R1

loop: STORE Rbase, R1, R1

ADD R1, #1, R1

IF<sub>E</sub> R1, R11, loop

cont: ----